

BANGLADESH TECHNICAL EDUCATION BOARD Agargoan, Dhaka-1207.

4-YEAR DIPLOMA-IN-ENGINEERING PROGRAM SYLLABUS (PROBIDHAN-2016)

CIVIL TECHNOLOGY

TECHNOLOGY CODE: 664

2nd SEMESTER

DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING **PROBIDHAN-2016**

CIVIL TECHNOLOGY (664)

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						Theory		Practical	
						Cont.	Final exam	Cont.	Final exam
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1	65922	Physics-2	3	3	4	60	90	25	25

2nd SEMESTER

Total

200

65922

PHYSICS-2

T P C 3 3 4

OBJECTIVES

- To develop a foundation in scientific principles and processes for the understanding and application of technology.
- To develop an understanding of fundamental scientific concepts through investigation and experimentation.
- To provide a common base for further studies in technology and science.
- To develop the basic knowledge of modern physics.

SHORT DESCRIPTION

Thermometry and Heat Capacity; Expansion of materials (effect of heat); Heat transfer; Humidity; Nature of heat and Thermodynamics; Photometry; Reflection of light; Refraction of light; Electron, photon and Radio activity; Theory of Relativity.

DETAIL DESCRIPTION

THEORY

1. THERMOMETRY AND HEAT CAPACITY

- 1.1 Define heat and temperature.
- 1.2 Mention the units of measurement of heat and temperature.
- 1.3 Distinguish between heat and temperature.
- 1.4 Identify the range of the Celsius scale determined by the boiling point and melting point of water
- 1.5 State the construction and graduation of a mercury thermometer.
- 1.6 Define specific heat capacity, thermal capacity and water equivalent with their units.
- 1.7 Prove the total heat gained by an object is equal to the sum of the heat lost by all the surrounding objects.
- 1.8 Explain the principle of calorimetry.
- 1.9 Define various kinds of specific latent heat.
- 1.10 Determine the latent heat of fusion of ice and latent heat of vaporization of water.
- 1.11 Determine the specific heat of a solid by calorimeter.

2. EFFECT OF HEAT ON DIMENSION OF MATERIALS

- 2.1 Show that different materials change in size at different amounts with the same heat source.
- 2.2 Explain the meaning of differential expansion in bimetallic strip, thermostats, compensated pendulum etc.
- 2.3 Explain the methods of overcoming problems caused by the expansion of materials in buildings, machinery, railway lines and bridges.
- 2.4 Mention the units co-efficient of linear, superficial and cubical expansion of solids.
- 2.5 Define the co-efficient of linear, superficial and cubical expansion of solids.
- 2.6 Relation between the co-efficient of linear, superficial and cubical expansion of solids.
- 2.7 Define real and apparent expansion of liquid.
- 2.8 Relation between the real and apparent expansion of liquid.

3. HEAT TRANSFER

- 3.1 Identify the phenomena of heat transferring from hot bodies to cold bodies.
- 3.2 Explain the methods of heat transfer by conduction, convection and radiation with examples of each type of transfer.
- 3.3 Define thermal conductivity (K) and Co-efficient of thermal conductivity.
- 3.4 Find the unit and dimension of Co-efficient of thermal conductivity.
- 3.5 List the factors which determine the quantity of heat (Q) flowing through a material.
- 3.6 Show that the quantity of heat flowing through a material can be found from

$$Q = \frac{KA (\theta_{\rm H} - \theta_{\rm C})}{d}$$

- 3.7 State Stefan-Boltzman Law and wien's law.
- 3.8 State Newton's law of cooling.
- 3.9 Explain Green house effect.

4. HUMIDITY

- 4.1 Define Standard Temperature and Pressure.
- 4.2 Define Humidity, Absolute Humidity, Relative Humidity and Dewpoint.
- 4.3 Relation between vapour pressure and air pressure.
- 4.4 Determine Humidity by wet and dry bulb hygrometer.
- 4.5 Explain few phenomena related to hygrometry.

5. NATURE OF HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS

- 5.1 Describe the caloric theory and kinetic theory of heat.
- 5.2 Explain the mechanical equivalent of heat.
- 5.3 State and Explain the first law of thermodynamics .
- 5.4 Explain Isothermal and adiabatic change.
- 5.5 Explain Specific heat of a gas, Molar specific heat or molar heat capacity.
- 5.6 Relate between pressure and volume of a gas in adiabatic Change i, e;PV γ =const.
- 5.7 State and Explain Reversible process and irreversible process.
- 5.8 State & explain 2nd law of thermodynamics
- 5.9 Entropy: Definition, unit and significant.
- 5.10 Explain Change of entropy in a reversible and irreversible process.

5.11Give an example of increase of entropy in irreversible process.

6. PHOTOMETRY

- 6.1 Define light, medium (transparent, translucent, opaque), luminous & non-luminous bodies, parallel, convergent & divergent of rays.
- 6.2 Show the travel of light in straight line.
- 6.3 Define photometry, luminous intensity, luminous flux, brightness and illuminating power.
- 6.4 Mention relation between luminous intensity & illuminating power.
- 6.5 Explain inverse square law of light.
- 6.6 Describe the practical uses of light waves in engineering.

7. REFLECTION OF LIGHT

- 7.1 Define mirror (plane & spherical), image (real & virtual) and magnification of images.
- 7.2 Describe the reflection of light.
- 7.3 State the laws of reflection of light.
- 7.4 Express the verification of laws of reflection.
- 7.5 Define pole, principal axis, center of curvature, radius of curvature, principal focus in case of concave & convex mirrors.
- 7.6 Find the relation between focal length & radius of curvature of a concave & convex mirror.
- 7.7 Express the general equation of concave and convex mirror.

8. REFRACTION OF LIGHT

- 8.1 Define refraction of light Give examples of refraction of light
- 8.2 State the laws of refraction and Express the verification of laws of refraction
- 8.3 Define absolute and relative refractive index and Relate absolute and relative refractive index
- 8.4 Explain the meaning of total internal reflection and critical angle and Relate total internal reflection and critical angle.
- 8.5 Give examples of total internal reflection.
- 8.6 Describe refraction of light through a prism.
- 8.7 Express the deduction of the relation between refractive index, minimum deviation and angle of the prism.
- 8.8 Define lens and mention the kinds of lens.
- 8.9 Identify and List uses of lens.
- 8.10 Express the deduction of the general equation of lens (Concave & convex).

9. ELECTRON, PHOTON AND RADIO-ACTIVITY

- 9.1 Describe Electrical conductivity of gases.
- 9.2 Describe Discharge tube.
- 9.3 Cathode ray : Definition and its properties
- 9.4 X-ray : Definition, properties & uses
- 9.5 Discuss Photo electric effect .
- 9.6 Derive Einstein's photo electric equation
- 9.7 Define and explain radio-activity.
- 9.8 Describe radio-active decay law.
- 9.9 Define half-life and mean-life of radio-active atoms.
- 9.10 Define nuclear fission and fusion.

10. THEORY OF RELATIVITY

- 10.1 Define Space, time and Mass.
- 10.2 Define rest mass.
- 10.3 Express the theory of relativity.
- 10.4 Explain special theory of relativity and its fundamental postulate.
- 10.5 Mention different Kinds of theory of relativity.
- 10.6 The Relativity of Length Length contraction.
- 10.7 The Relativity of Time Time dilation.
- 10.8 Deduce Einstein's mass -energy relation

PRACTICAL

- 1. Compare the operation of common thermometers.
- 2. Determine the co-efficient of linear expansion of a solid by Pullinger's apparatus.
- 3. Measure the specific heat capacity of various substances.(Brass, steel).
- 4. Determine the latent heat of fusion of ice.
- 5. Determine the water equivalent by calorimeter.
- 6. Compare the luminous intensity of two different light sources.
- 7. Verify the laws of reflection.
- 8. Find out the focal length of a concave mirror.
- 9. Determine the refractive index of a glass Slab.
- 10. Determine the angle of Minimum deviation and refractive index of a glass prism by using I-D graph.

REFERENC BOOKS:

- 1. Higher Secondary Physics Second Part
- 2. A Text Book of Heat and Thermodynamics
- 3. A Text Book of Optics
- 4. Higher Secondary Physics -Second Part
- 5. Higher Secondary Physics -Second Part
- 6. Thermodynamics

- by Dr. Shahjahan Tapan
- by N Subrahmanyam and Brij Lal
- by N Subrahmanyam and Brij Lal
- by Prof. Golam Hossain Pramanik
- by Ishak Nurfungnabi
- by K K Ramalingam